Forms of Poetry

Haiku is an _______________ form of Japanese poetry.

● It consists of three lines each with a specific number of syllables. The first line has ____ syllables. The second has ____ syllables. The third has ____ syllables.

● Usually juxtaposes ____ simple subjects.

● Often about the ______________ world.

● examples:
  Flowers withering
  beneath the weight of the sun.
  Yet the weeds stand proud.

Years may come and go
but our friends and memories...
what was I saying?

I so dislike things
That are redundant and things
That repeat themselves.

Shakespearean Sonnets are poems with ____ lines each with ____ syllables. If it's a _________, it's a sonnet.

● example:

**SONNET 29**

When, in disgrace with fortune and men's eyes,
I all alone beweep my outcast state
And trouble deaf heaven with my bootless cries
And look upon myself and curse my fate,
Wishing me like to one more rich in hope,
Featured like him, like him with friends possess'd,
Desiring this man's art and that man's scope,
With what I most enjoy contented least;
Yet in these thoughts myself almost despising,
Haply I think on thee, and then my state,
Like to the lark at break of day arising
From sullen earth, sings hymns at heaven's gate;
For thy sweet love remember'd such wealth brings
That then I scorn to change my state with kings.
Acrostic poems use the letters from the ______________ to start each line.

- example:

  **Mothers**
  Mothers are really sweet and kind
  Only the sweetest thing on earth
  They love you like anything
  Have to work all day cleaning
  Easy to make them happy
  Really easy to give them... xoxo.

Write a Haiku about the fall season:

Line 1 (5 syllables): ________________________________
Line 2 (7 syllables): ________________________________
Line 3 (5 syllables): ________________________________

Write an acrostic poem about ducks:

D______________________________________________
U______________________________________________
C______________________________________________
K______________________________________________
S______________________________________________
Stanzas look like paragraphs in a poem. Some stanzas have a particular _______ of lines.
● a quatrain is a stanza of four lines
● a couplet is a stanza of two lines or any pair of lines.

Enjambment is when a poet _______ a sentence over more than one line.
● ex: Shall I compare thee to a summer's day?
   Thou art more lovely and more temperate.
   Rough winds do shake the darling buds of May,
   And summer's lease hath all too short a date. (Shakespeare, Sonnet 18)

Caesura usually accompanies Enjambment. It is when a big _______ occurs in the middle of a sentence or line of poetry.
● example:
   Flowers withering
   beneath the weight of the sun.
   Yet the weeds stand proud.

Alliteration is the repetition of letter sounds at the __________ of consecutive words.
● Betty Botter by Mother Goose
   Betty Botter bought some butter, but, she said, the butter's bitter, if I put it in my batter it will make my batter bitter, but a bit of better butter will make my batter better.

   So she bought a bit of butter better than her bitter butter, and she put it in her batter and the batter was not bitter. So 'twas better Betty Botter bought a bit of better butter.

Assonance (don't laugh) is when the words of the poem have very similar or rhyming __________ sounds.
● The Raven by Edgar Allen Poe
   Ah, distinctly I remember it was in the bleak December,
   And each separate dying ember wrought its ghost upon the floor.
   Eagerly I wished the morrow; - vainly I had sought to borrow
   From my books surcease of sorrow - sorrow for the lost Lenore -
   For the rare and radiant maiden whom the angels named Lenore -
   Nameless here for evermore.
And the silken sad uncertain rustling of each purple curtain
Thrilled me - filled me with fantastic terrors never felt before;
So that now, to still the beating of my heart, I stood repeating'
'Tis some visitor entreating entrance at my chamber door -
Some late visitor entreating entrance at my chamber door; -
This it is, and nothing more,'

**Hyperbole** is exaggeration or __________________________.
- examples:
  I’m so hungry; I could eat a horse.
  I have a million things to do.
  Mr. Mendiola gave us a ton of homework.

**Repetition** is when ____________ or ____________ or lines are repeated in a poem.